## Chapter 11 Powers of Congress Section 1 Pages 290 – 292, Section 2 Pages 294 - 300 Section 3 Pages 301 – 304, Section 4 Pages 305 - 308 Section 5 Pages 310 - 314

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.).)	points	ı
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55 points	Name
Short Answer	
36 - 39. Give an example of two (2) laws Congress <u>CAN</u> crea (4 points) (Sect 1 Page 290 or Notes or Chart Page 3	
CAN	
CANNOT	
40. According to the pie charts on Page 295, From 1981 – 20	000 National defense was the area where
most federal tax dollars were spent. In 2001, health passed national defense in federal tax dollars spent.	
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41. According to the chart on Page 296, which country taxed Product)? (1 point) (Sect 2 Page 296)	d over 60% of its GDP (Gross Domestic
42 42 47	
42 - 43. What is the role of the 50 States in foreign affairs an	id why? (2 points) (Sect 3 Page 301)
44 – 47. List the four (4) federal crimes specifically mention	ned in the Constitution. (4 points)
(Sect 3 Page 304)	

48. What type of power is allowed by the Necessary and Proper Clause? (1 point) (Sect 4 Page 305)	1
49. If the express Congressional power is to establish naturalization laws, what is its implied power (1 point) (Sect 4 Page 308 Chart)	r?
50. If the express Congressional power is to raise armies and a navy, what is its implied power? (1 point) (Sect 4 Page 308 Chart)	
51. What ratio / majority vote is needed in Congress to propose an amendment to the Constitution? (1 point) (Sect 5 Page 310)	?
52. What is the role of the House during impeachment? (1 point) (Sect 5 Page 311)	
53. What is role of the Senate during impeachment? (1 point) (Sect 5 Page 311)	
33. What is fole of the senate during impeachment: (1 point) (Sect 3 rage 311)	
54 - 55. Congress has not impeached a President. What two (2) presidents have gone through the impeachment process and were found not guilty? (2 points) (Sect 5 Page 311)	
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A. Key Terms and Concepts

Read the statements below. If a statement is true, write T in the blank provided. If it is false, write F.

Strict constructionists believed that Congress should exercise only its expressed powers and those powers absolutely necessary to carry out those expressed powers.

Liberal constructionists hesitated to use implied powers.

3. Thomas Jefferson was a liberal constructionist.

A Liberal constructionism was linked to a strong National Government.

Implied powers are those reasonably deduced from the expressed powers.



Section 4 Quiz

The Implied Powers

## A. Key Terms and Concepts

Read the statements below. If a statement is true, write T in the blank provided. If it is false, write F.

\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6. The Necessary and Proper Clause is often called the Elastic Clause because it caused the powers of Congress to snap.

Congress can appropriate money to different departments of the Federal Government.

McCulloch v. Maryland gave strength to implied powers and elevated the Federal Government.

ernment over the States.

Implied powers give the Federal Government the authority to do anything on behalf of the general welfare and public interest.

(D. Hamilton feared the powers of the Bank of the United States.

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

Which of the following is NOT a type of power that Congress derives from the Constitution?

a. divine right

b. expressed

c. .implied

d. inherent

Which level of government has been MOST valued by the strict constructionists?

a. national

b. city

c. county

d. State

Which of the following has been a value of the liberal constructionists?

a. That government is best which governs least.

b. The Constitution must be interpreted broadly, with an eye toward change.

c. The implied powers should be severely limited in their application.

d. The scope of government in people's lives should be narrow and its involvement

Which of the following describes the nature of the United States government?

a. both limited and federal

b. dictatorial

c. all-powerful

d. none of the above

Which of the following is a reason why liberal construction of the Constitution prevailed?

a. Wars and economic crises called for national action.

b. Spectacular advances in transportation and communication impacted the scope of the government.

c. The people themselves demanded more and more services from government.

d. All of the above:

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write the	letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.
16	, Which of the following is NOT a reason for the Federal Government to tax?
	a. to meet public needs
*1 80 2:	b. to protect the nation's domestic industries
g <sup>St</sup>	c. to benefit private fortunes
~	d. to protect public health and safety
	Which constitutional principle was involved in the Gibbons v. Ogden case in 1824? a. The National Government, not individual States, has the right to regulate interstate commerce.
a e suc	<ul><li>b. Paper money issued by the National Government is legal tender.</li><li>c. The States, not Congress, have the right to regulate guns in school.</li><li>d. The Federal Government has the expressed right to regulate bankruptcy.</li></ul>
d - 18.	Which of the following is an explicit limitation placed by the Constitution on the use of the commerce power?  a. taxation of exports
September 17.	<ul><li>b. prohibition of favoring one State's ports over another's</li><li>c. prohibition of requiring vessels from one State to pay duties in another State</li><li>d. all of the above</li></ul>
$\mathcal{N} = \mu$	Which of the following Supreme Court cases was NOT involved with the Federal Government's currency power?
to the second	a. Gibbons v. Ogden
ste ĕ a	b. Juliard v. Greenman
3 6 8	c. Hepburn v. Griswold
*gg Kg≠ * g se 🚅 S	d. Legal Tender Cases
20	Which of the following is NOT an expressed power of Congress?
White she	a. power to collect taxes b. power to borrow money c. power to set a minimum wage d. power to coin money
	letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.
	According to the Constitution, the right to conduct foreign relations is shared by a. the President and the States. b. Congress and the States. c. the President and Congress. d. the President, Congress, and the States.
22	Who has the constitutional power to declare war?
# # #	a. only Congress
r a a a	b. only the President c. only the Senate
8	d. Congress with the approval of the President
33	which of the following is NOT an expressed power of Congress?
20 pt	a. naturalization
~ ^	b. commanding the armed forces
7)	c. controlling weights and measures
	d. controlling postal services
<b></b> 24	Which of the following does Congress have the right to manage and control?
	a. federal military installations
な	b. the District of Columbia
X	c. national parks
V ()	d. all of the above
35	Congress's power to create federal courts is an example of
	a. eminent domain.
2	b. power over territories.
	c. implied powers.
	d. constitutional checks and halances

	2	Which of the following is an implied power?
	12	a. power to regulate commerce
		b. power to establish federal-aid-to-education programs
		c. power to tax
		d. power to coin money
¥**		My Which of the following is NOT one of John Marshall's rules
	, "	for the acceptability of an implied power?
	*	a. within the scope of the Constitution
		b. legitimate purpose
	*	c. consistent with the letter and spirit of the Constitution
+		d. good for the country
7		Which of the following is another name for the Necessary and Proper Clause?
1	— ·	a. Elastic Clause
<u>රි</u>		b. Convenient and Useful Clause
F		c. General Welfare and Public Interest Clause
X	8 7 ×	d. The Implied Powers Clause
(1)	(c)	What was the 1818 event that prompted the McCulloch v. Maryland case to come
•		before the Supreme Court?
	, ×	a. Maryland refused to follow the federal standards of weights and measures.
= 7/		b. Maryland established its own naturalization procedures.
i		c. Maryland attempted to tax federal bank notes.
		d. Maryland forbade the delivery of mail within its borders.
	55	
2	19	
	Write the	letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.
	(IF)	Which of the following issues of recent years is Congress most vigorously pursuing to
		call a national convention to amend the Constitution?
	6 33	a. school busing
283		b. abortion
*20	10 h	c. congressional term limits
	Tr.	d. prayer in the public schools
	5 E 2	If no candidate receives a majority of the electoral votes for President, who must the
	5 M x 3 m 200	House of Representatives choose among for President?
*	2 B 10 2	a. the Senate
		b. the top three contenders in the electoral college balloting
8	84	c. the top five contenders in the electoral college balloting.
		d. State governors
	33	After the House has impeached a President, what must happen next in order to remov
		that President from office?
		a. The Senate must convict the President.
		b. The President must resign.
		c. The people must vote.
1		d. The State legislatures must vote.
ì	(井)	Which institution has the responsibility of confirming or rejecting presidential
		appointees and treaties?
,		

35. Which of the following is NOT a reason for holding congressional investigations?

a. the Senateb. the House

c. the Supreme Courtd. the President

b. to gather information

a. instructions from the President

c. to oversee executive operations

d. to focus public attention on an important issue

Write the letter of the correct answer in the blank provided.

b. power to raise an army and navy
c. power to fix minimum wages
d. power to punish tax evasion

Which of the following is an expressed power?

a. power to draft people into the armed forces

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